THE MEREDITH EAGLE

VOL. I. MEREDITH, N. H., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1880. NO. 26.

TEMPERANCE NOTES.

Wayland, Mass., has voted $200 to prosecute liquor-sellers.

Recently John Moicre, who keeps a saloon in Massilon, O., had his throat cut by a gang of roughs he had put out of the saloon.

The Massachusetts temperance alliance has adopted a resolution asking churches not to use fermented wine for communion purposes.

The liquor dealers of Cambridge held a meeting recently for the purpose of consulting as to the course to be pursued in the national and municipal elections.

Beer-drinking is costly, unhealthy, stupefying and objectionable in all respects; whisky is still worse, in fact all such artificial stimulants involve a reaction which is very hurtful.

J. K. Emmet, the actor, is lying dangerously ill at the house of his sister in St. Louis, and physicians consider his case quite critical. He has been on a "spree" for some months.

Sir F. Roberts, the latest of England's successful military men—the "Savior of Afghanistan," as he is called—is the son of a clergyman in Waterford, Ireland. He is a member of the order of Good Templars, and a stanch teetotaler. He has a Good Templar Lodge attached to every regiment under his command. Sir Garnet Wolseley is also a total abstainer.

Peter Kinney is about 16 year old, and lives at South Boston. He got drunk recently and introduced himself at the Lincoln evening school. When the teachers attempted to eject him he became abusive and pugilistic, insulted the ladies and hurled vulgar epithets right and left. Officer Rich of division 12 was summoned and took the youth to the station.

An old man made brave by alcohol, appeared on a railroad track at New London, Ct., recently walking toward an approaching train and paying no attention to the whistle. The train knocked him off the track, and when asked what he was there for, he replied that he had as good a right there as the engine, and proposed to stand his ground.

An officer of the society for the prevention of cruelty to children, arrested Patrick Ahearn, charged with being an habitual drunkard and failing to support his family. He was married 11 years ago, and for several years lived happily. The man, who is a horseshoer, earned good wages. He took to drink, however, and for the past two years has done nothing for the support of his family. The wife, unable to support their seven children, called upon a magistrate several days ago, and asked him to commit three of the children to some institution.

Oscar Estes, a man about 38 years of age, a mason by trade, and living at So. Weymouth, met with an accident, recently, in Waltham, which will probably result fatally. It appears that, while he was under the influence of liquor, he attempted to board a horse car, lost his foothold and fell heavily to the ground on his back. He was immediately taken to his boarding place on Spring street. Dr. McDonald was summoned, and, upon examination, found that the base of the brain had been fractured, and that other severe injuries had been sustained which would cause death. At the last accounts he was in an unconscious condition, with little or no chance for his survival.

Temperance reform in one town in Vermont has taken a new step. There is a town agency for the sale of liquor, where people can get what they want by prescription of a physician. Many people had slight ailments, for which they found relief in stimulating beverages, which some of the doctors cheerfully prescribed in large doses. The new step is to publish each week the names of all who thus buy medicine, together with the name in each instance of the physician prescribing it. The consequence is that people are not as sick as they were, and the business has fallen off one-half.

Drinking Habits.

Drinking habits are dangerous, since they eventually destroy a man mentally, morally and financially. If drink gave unmingled pleasure, if sad, and too often fatal consequences followed not in its train we might see something to palliate the evil; but the verdict of a sober, just, and reasonable world is against it, and can find no extenuating circumstances that would lessen its guilt or excuse its victims. Drinking habits, though they do not entirely destroy the mind, yet they so cripple it that its operations are impeded and its powers diminished. The human will is that faculty which determines us to do or desist from an action. If our wills are free from passions and habits they will easily incline to justice and right, but drinking habits incline the will to fresh potations. It is a well known fact that an inclination to a vice robs that vice of its hideousness and clothes with circumstances that render it excusable and even necessary. This is true especially of the vice of intemperance. The drunkard's depraved appetite longs for its gratification; the most sensual steps in to plead its necessity. They may again plead as an excusing circumstance that their friends invite, that customs are a sort of law, that they do not want to be stubborn. But can you call him a friend who would entice you to become the enemy of God, who would blight your prospects in life, bring desolation upon your home, put you on the path that leads to a drunkard's grave, in short, can you call him a friend who would rob you of peace here and of hope beyond the grave? The fumes of the intoxicating cup rise to heaven and become a cloud that shuts out all sunshine from the drunkard's life and home. Sum up those crimes that are punished by the natural and the civil law and you will find that every nine cases out of ten are caused by drinking habits. Who are they who die violent deaths as the just expiation of an outraged society; surely they are men of drinking habits? Who but drinking men enter at the side portals and fill the wretched cells of our jails and reformatories? Echo answers men of drinking habits. Who are they who turn their homes into so many hells? who bring wars innumerable upon wretched wives and famishing children? Experience answers, the men of drinking habits are the culprits almost invariably. How long will men love destruction, how long will they parley with the enemy of all good? How long will they love and seek with such a zeal their own ruin? I say zeal, for there are men who are so zealous for the evil that they beg, borrow or steal to acquire it. If reason spoke, if justice acted, if charity counseled, their united efforts put into form would find expression in a plea for temperance, an argument for that which can raise, redeem and save, what a blessing would come upon the homes of many. Men who were formerly so brave, so good, so kind, but who are now very cowards bereft of virtue, robbed of kindness, would begin a new life; peace and happiness would be again wedded together and sit enthroned at their fireside. We long for that blessed day when the man of drinking habits will break his bonds from this most abject species of slavery, for an abstinence from any animal indulgence is the highest, noblest, manliest sort of freedom, yes such a freedom is the very essence of human perfection.

Do you wish to have homes? Do you wish for reputation? Do you wish to have healthy constitutions? If you wish for the real good and hate the evil, by excellence then be not reckoned in the number of those who are men of drinking habits.

To Young Men.

Young men we ask you to join our society. You know that it will not benefit us. We make this request, because we are convinced that it will benefit you; visit our meetings, listen to the experience there related, of men who, when they were young, did just as you are doing now, and you will be convinced of the fact. If you take our advice now, just think how much better you will feel ten years hence. The money that you would have spent in dissipation could be safely deposited in a savings bank with which, if you possess the ability, you can become the employer of, instead of being the employed. The chances are certainly that you will have much better health, that you will be more respected, that you will be better enabled to grasp those chances for success that may fall in your path. There is one thing certain, you will never regret it. Ask any man who has made the journey you have just commenced and they will tell you that the rocks and shallows that have caused more wrecks than any others, lie in the path of those persons who drink intoxicating liquors. Think of those dangers. Many a person who is your friend to-day, with happy prospects before him, and the idol of his parents, will, ten years from now, be beyond any hope of redemption. Have you any assurance that you will not share the same fate. You think yourself too proud, with a will too strong, to ever degrade yourself by drinking to excess. But we have seen men who were just as ambitious as you are, whose will was as strong as yours, and who thought just as you do, and we have seen my friends, these ideas be the very cause of their destruction. "He that seeketh danger perisheth in it." The moderate drinker is just such a person, no matter how determined he may be to do right; that is not sufficient to enable him to withstand temptation. The course of the wise man is to abstain entirely. It will do you no harm. You ought to know it will do you good. Show that you have good sound judgment and a praiseworthy desire to aid yourself. Remove yourself as far as you can from temptation by determining to abstain totally from drink, join with us in endeavoring to convince others, and when you are leaving this world you will bless the day you took our advice.

Norman Oaks.

An English clergyman who wrote a valuable work on botany, speaks of an oak existing in his time in Germany which was of such dimensions that it had been transformed into a citadel. To confine ourselves more strictly to the truth, let us just say that its interior served as a guard-house. There is another tree of the same kind, still growing in Normandy, and which, in contrast to the other, has been consecrated to piety. This is the chapel oak of Allouville, in which there is an altar dedicated to the Virgin, where on certain days mass is said. The ample hollow of this tree not only furnishes an oratory, but above this a sleeping room has been scooped out; there is a bed in this room to which access is gained by steps outside; it is the abode of an anchorite. This tree is held in great veneration in the country. Marquis, the eminent botanist, measured the trunk of this tree, and found that it was thirty feet in circumference near the ground.

Old Times.

The kind old friendly feelings!
We have their spirit yet,
Though years and years have passed, old friend,
Since thou and I last met!
And something of gray Time's old advance
Seems in thy fading eye,
Yet 'tis the same good honest glance
I loved in times gone by,
Ere the kind old friendly feelings
Had ever brought a sigh.

The warm old friendly feelings!
Ah, who need yet be told
No other links can bind the heart
Like those loved links of old!
The hand I joyed in youth to clasp,
The touch of age may show;
Yet 'tis the same true hearty grasp
I loved so long ago!
Ere the last old friendly feelings!
Had taught a tear to flow!

The kind old friendly feelings!
Oh, seem they e'er less dear,
Because some recollections
May meet us with a tear?
Though hopes we shared,—the early beams
Ambition showed our way,—
Have fled, dear friend, like morning dreams,
Before truth's searching ray;
Still we've kept the kind old feelings
That blessed our youthful day!

EXPLAINED.

"Charming!" said Mrs. Bigbee, as she stood on the back-piazza of "Ivy Villa," gazing about her with delighted eyes.

She had been married only three months, after a rather protracted season of youthfulness, and she and her husband, accompanied by her dearest friend, Miss Lavinia Ryder, had just come to Ivy Villa, which Mr. Bigbee had rented for the summer, ready furnished.

"You like it, then, dear?" whispered Mr. Bigbee, fondly, as he rubbed his slightly bald forehead.

"Like it? Why, it's the sweetest place I ever saw—a perfect paradise!" replied she, with gushing enthusiasm.

"And we shall be as happy as Adam and Eve!" said the still enamored Bigbee, drawing her arm through his, preparatory to a stroll in the garden.

"I am sure I hope so," amiably remarked Miss Ryder, with a doubtful shake of her frizzled head. "But you know, Maria, that there are serpents even in paradise."

"There can't be any here," responded Maria, with charming sprightliness, "neither forbidden fruit; so come, Lavinia, dear, and let us gather some of those lovely cherries."

Miss Lavinia excused herself, and the wedded pair strolled slowly down the graveled walk toward the big cherry-tree and the picturesque arbor at the back of the garden.

"I wish, for your sake, my love, that your friend were of a more sanguine disposition," remarked Bigbee, mildly. "Seems to me she's always predicting evil of everybody and everything."

"Oh, there's no real harm in Lavinia. She's only inclined to disturst people—especially men. She's been so often deceived in them, poor thing!" said Mrs. Bigbee, sweetly.

"Ah!" exclaimed Bigbee, with a look of enlightenment.

"She says men are treacherous and deceitful," pursued Mrs. Bigbee, "and that she will never marry!"

"Shouldn't wonder," muttered the gentleman.

"Do you know, Joseph, dear," said his wife, a little plaintively, "that she actually almost persuaded me not to accept you? She insisted that I knew nothing about your past life, and that none of us knew what you might have been or have done before you came to Barnesville four years ago."

"Pooh!" said Bigbee.

"Of course, it's ridiculous; but it is just like Lavinia—just her way, poor thing, though she never intends any harm. What lovely roses! And what a delicious place altogether this is! I wonder that any one owning such a home should want to leave it, even to travel in Europe.

"'Twas partly a business necessity, you see, and there being no children, Mrs. Berry wouldn't consent to her husband leaving her behind. Fortunate for us, since you like the place so well. If they should conclude to settle over there, as Berry hinted, well, I'll see what I can do," said Mr. Bigbee, mysteriously.

"You dear old darling!" his wife exclaimed, rapturously. "Now you have made me perfectly happy. Only think of owning such a home, and inviting Eliza Mullen and Rebecca King—Mrs. Nicholas Brown, you know—to pay us a visit! Eliza always insisted that she would be the first married, and Rebecca, when she married at nineteen, gave herself such airs! She lives in the very ugliest house in Barnesville. I would so like to ask her here to see my home! And, of course if we buy the place, we must have a page in buttons, and a basket-phaeton and pony. They cost so little, you know, love; and, of all things, I would enjoy a pony basket-phaeton."

In contemplating this delightful future prospect, Mrs. Bigbee was unusually amiable and devoted. She appeared at tea in her most becoming set of braids and frizzes, laughed and chatted in a charmingly youthful fashion, and sang "Love's Young dream," with an eloquent glance at Bigbee, who happened to be nodding on the sofa at the moment.

Miss Lavinia Ryder looked on, and, on bidding her friend good-night, remarked that she seemed as happy as though life were to be all sunshine, and that "she only hoped it would last."

Next day Bigbee had business to take him to New York. He left on the cars after breakfast, promising to be back on the following day in time for tea.

It was a lovely day in early June. Mrs. Bigbee, after attending to some little domestic arrangements, repaired to her dressing-room, and sat down to write to her dear Eliza Mullen an account of her new home, and of what an idolizing husband she had—hoping that her dearest friend might some time be equally fortunate.

She had just concluded her letter when Bridget thrust in her head with: "Sure it's a woman as'ther seein' you, mem."

"What does she want?" inquired Mrs. Bigbee, folding the letter.

"She won't say, mem; and she's got two sassy young ones wid her, and she says she's bound to see you anyways, since the masther's not at home."

"Some beggar, most probably," said Mrs. Bigbee. "You may show her into the dining-room, Bridget, and I'll be down presently."

When Mrs. Bigbee descended, with an air of dignity derived from the new and proud consciousness of being mistress of all she surveyed, she found awaiting her a tall, black-eyed woman, who might once have been handsome, with two frisky children, who were busily examining the mantel-ornaments. In an adjoining room was visible Miss Ryder reading the day's paper.

"What can I do for you?" said Mrs. Bigbee, condescendingly.

The woman stared at her for an instant with a fixed gaze.

"So you're the mistress of the house?" she said, abruptly; and Mrs. Bigbee bowed assent, while keeping an eye on the little girl, who was fingering a china vase.

"Take care," she said; "that is easily upset and broken. Here is a pretty book with pictures for you to look over."

"She's very well as she is," said the mother, tartly. "If she breaks anything it won't be any loss to you. You won't be called upon to pay for it."

"My husband will," said Mrs. Bigbee, with an air of lofty rebuke.

"Oh! and where is he? 'Twas him I come to see."

"Do you know him?" questioned Mrs. Bigbee, in some surprise.

"Know him? Reckon I do—and he'll know me, too, the minute he sets eyes on me; or, if he don't I'll know why."

"She must be crazy!" thought Mrs. Bigbee, in some alarm—adding aloud: "Will, you explain your business with me? My time is occupied."

"Oh, it is, is it? Well, you won't be called upon to look after this 'ere house much longer, I guess. I'll relieve you of that 'ere trouble and as to the man you call your husband, the law will soon settle who he belongs to—you or me."

"Gracious heavens!" Mrs. Bigbee turned pale. "What can you mean?"

"I mean jest exactly what I say. How long sence you've been married to him?"

"Six months."

"Humph! not long enough to find him out. He's a ... ... and a villain, if ever there was one. Did you ever hear him tell of the time, eight years ago, when he was in the tarrytories, on the Injun agency business?"

"Never."

"Thought so. Well, there's where I first seen him. There's where I married him."

"Married him?" shrieked Mrs. Bugbee, starting to her feet.

"Yes, lawfully and legally married to him. I've got papers and letters and witnesses to prove it. Look at this 'ere young one." Here she seized the boy's arm, and whirling him sharply around, took off his cap and put back his shaggy hair. "Don't you see the likeness? Don't you see his father all over him? And this gal—her eyes are gray, like his'n, and you see——"

But Mrs. Bigbee was past seeing anything further. She had fallen on the sofa in a swoon.

When she recovered, Miss Lavinia was bending over her, administering wine, camphor, ether and hartshorn.

"Oh, Lavinia," she gasped, "what—what will become of me?"

"Be calm, Maria. Try to bear it heroically," was the soothing reply. "You know I always said men were not to be trusted, and that one never knows in marrying them what their past lives may have been."

"It isn't true—it can't be true!" sobbed Maria, hysterically.

"Hush! or she will hear you!"

Miss Ryder glanced apprehensively through the doorway into the dining-room, where the unwelcome visitors were all three seated at the table, partaking, with an air of proprietorship, of the plentiful remains of the late breakfast.

"Here, Bridget, girl, if that's your name," came to the agonized ears of Maria, "fetch in more coffee—hot and strong, mind. And don't you look grum and sassy about it, I tell you. I've got a right to what I order, and I'd like to see the person who would undertake to deny it."

"She's an imposter" groaned Maria.

"Hush! be quiet! She's in an awful temper, evidently, and best not arouse her. But I'm sorry to say, Maria, that her story bears every impress of truthfulness. She has come to claim her rights, she says, as the lawful wife of your husband. I mean, of Mr. Bigbee—and has a package of papers, which appear to be genuine certificates in proof of her marriage to him."

Mrs. Bigbee gave a stifled shriek.

"What—oh, what shall I do?"

"There is but one thing that we can do at present," answered Miss Ryder, firmly, "and that is to leave this house instantly."

"Give up my home to this woman. Never!"

"Maria! is it possible that you would remain an hour, a moment, beneath the roof of a man who is not your husband. You cannot propose anything so extremely improper. Upon no account whatever must that man find us here upon his return. It is not to be thought of."

"But where can we go to? I cannot return to my friends. I should die of the mortification, and that, too, just after sending that letter to Eliza Mullen," sobbed the wretched woman.

"Be quiet, and don't give way so," urged her friend. "Leave it all to me. I know of a nice retired little watering-place on the Jersey coast, where we can go without attracting attention, and there remain until we can decide what is next to be done. No one need know where we have gone, so that wretched Bigbee will never be able to find us, even if brazen enough to be able to look us in the face again—the unprincipled, inhuman creature!"

Maria, indeed, was in no condition to act or think for herself, or to dispute anything that her friend might propose. So, leaving the unwelcome visitor in possession of Ivy Villa, whence she declared she "would not budge an inch until the arrival of her husband," the two ladies departed, and, before night, were safely lodged in their seaside retreat.

When next morning Mr. Bigbee, with radiant countenance, approached his abode in anticipation of a rapturous greeting from his Maria, he was surprised to find the house unlighted and silent. Still more astonished was he when, groping through the dim hall, he found himself confronted by a tall female, of threatening aspect, while a determined voice said:

"Oh, you're here at last, you false, deceitful villain! You thought I'd never find you out, did you? And here you are, riz from the grave where you'd been peacefully sleepin' ever sence you died o' the yaller fever out in Colorado, leavin' yer wife and innercent children in the tarratories without a penny to support 'em? Oh, you're a deep one, you are!"

"Gracious goodness!" gasped Bigbee, retreating, and turning pale.

"Ah, you may well say so. But you'll find no grace or goodness from me. Here, look at your blessed deserted infants that you've left me to toil for and support these seven years, and then look them and me squarely in the face, if you can."

She shoved toward him the interesting children, who clung to his legs and arms, and danced a sort of exultant jig, and called the wretched Bigbee "Pa."

Bigbee sank into a chair, and wiped the cold moisture from his brow.

At that moment Bridget, having heard the voices, entered with a light, and the avenging Nemesis and her guilty victim stood face to face and gazed upon each other.

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Again it was evening—a lovely summer's trilight—which, however, brought no joy to the stricken heart of the desolate Maria. Seated at her window, she gazed forlornly on the sea and the sky, and the dull little village street, until tears blotted them from her vision.

"I do wish, Maria," said Miss Lavinia, "that you would not take on as you do. The man who could so deceive and injure a woman is unworthy of a thought or a regret. He is a brute."

"I know it," sobbed Maria; "I know that he is a wretch, and that I ought to hate and despise him, but—I—I can't."

"You never were strong-minded," said Miss Lavinia, reproachfully; "but I'm in hopes you will make an effort yet. I would be ashamed to give way so for sake of such a wretch!"

"We were so happy!" sighed Maria. Miss Ryder made no reply.

She seated herself at a cracked piano and played a lively air, in hopes of cheering and lightening her friend's spirits.

Presently she jumped up on hearing a scream from the window.

"What is it?" she anxiously inquired.

"There! Across the street! Don't you see—him?"

"My goodness! so it is! And somebody with him!"

"It—it is her!" shrieked Maria, hysterically.

"The wretch! What could have brought them here? They can't be after us. He wouldn't dare, even if he knew that we were here. Come away, and let us close the windows."

The ladies kept their room all the evening.

About ten o'clock just as they were retiring, they heard the front door opened, followed by a tap at their room-door.

"Who is there?" demanded Miss Lavinia.

"Me," answered the voice of Bigbee.

Whereupon Miss Lavinia locked and double-locked the door, and her friend manifested symptoms of swooning.

"Open the door," whispered Bigbee.

"Go away," cried Miss Ryder.

"I want to see Maria," said Bigbee, earnestly.

"How dare you propose such a thing?" said Miss Lavinia, in virtuous indignation. "If you don't go away I'll call the police."

"Maria," said Bigbee, softly.

A little hysterical scream answered.

"Maria, my love!"

"The villain!" said Miss Ryder.

"I want to see you—to explain——"

"We know everything. We want no explanation," returned Miss Lavinia.

"I've brought the woman with me to explain——"

"She has explained," parenthesized Miss Ryder.

"She was in search of her husband——"

"We know it," said miss Ryder, stingingly.

"She learned that he was living at Ivy Cottage, and found her way there, and, without making any inquiry whatever, asked to see the mistress of the house," said Bigbee, speaking very fast, in order to avoid further interruption.

"We know all that," repeated Miss Lavinia, with decision.

"Unfortunately," resumed Bigbee, "she had no idea but that Berry and his wife were there still. It was Berry she was in search of, and, as the name of Bigbee was never mentioned among you——"

There was a joyful shriek, the door burst open, and Mrs. Bigbee, rushing forth, precipitated herself into the open arms of her much-injured and loving husband.

Let us drop the curtain upon the tender and affecting reunion.

Although nearly sixty elementary substances are known to chemists, only a comparatively small number of these take part in the formation of man and other animals, and it is only this small number of constituents which are absolutely essential elements of our food. These elements are carbon, hydrogen, nitrogen, oxygen, phosphorus, sulphur, chlorine, sodium, potassium, calcium, magnesium, iron and fluorin.

SCIENTIFIC.

It is the principle of nitric acid which changes black hair to yellow. A diluted peroxine of hydrogen prepared with water.

Prof. Watson is making a telescope for his own use at the Wisconsin university to hunt for Vulcan, which he is still suspicious is prowling around in intra-mercurial space.

On some of the German railways the sleepers are impregnated with certain preservative substances, chloride of zinc having proved the most desirable. The durability of oak and beech sleepers has been greatly increased by this impregnation, those of the latter from prepared wood lasting five and a half times as long as the untreated ones.

It is found that 2082 cubic feet of fresh air per head must be supplied every hour, so to dilute the products of respiration and transpiration from the healthy human body as to keep the air pure and fresh to a degree of wholesomeness. In mines, to keep up the physical health of the laborers, it has been determined that 6000 feet are requisite per hour.

A California operator has had great success in photographing a horse at full gallop. A photographer, at Hanley-on-Thames, Eng., has obtained some interesting pictures of the great London express—the "Flying Dutchman"—taken while running through Twyford station at a speed of nearly sixty miles an hour. The point of view from which the photograph has been taken is on the "port bow" of the express and the definition is admirable, the details of the locomotive coming out as sharply as the stationary objects in view. He is now making a flying shutter which, when applied to the camera, will reduce the time of exposure of the plate to 1-500 of a second.

Jupiter has reached its perihelion or nearest point to the sun. This is an astronomical event of considerable importance, as it occurs only once in about twelve years. As the planet is some millions of miles nearer the earth than usual, an excellent opportunity is given for the study of its features. Even the smallest telescopes will show some of the wonders of this great planet and its system of satellites, and with large telescopes astronomers hope, within a month or two, to add much to our knowledge of the chief member of the sun's family. Jupiter will remain the leading brilliant in the sky throughout October, shining so brightly that even Sirius must temporarily yield the palm.

An experiment made in the port of Kiel proves that heavy weights may be readily lifted from the bottom of the sea by means of a balloon. The balloon is made of canvass and metal plates, with an attached cistern containing carbonic acid gas compressed to a liquid state. When made fast to a sunken object, the communication between the cistern and the balloon is opened; inflation takes place; the sunken vessel, or whatever else it may be, is lifted, and can be towed away at pleasure. In the experiment at Kiel, an anchor-stone, weighing fifteen tons, was thus lifted from a depth of 32 feet. The lifting power of a balloon ten feet in diameter is said to be more than 100 tons.

Dr. Frankland, a chemist of high repute, has just concluded an investigation into the cause of the persistency and irritating character of the fogs with which the vicinity of London is particularly afflicted. He finds that the fogs occur in comparatively dry air and that they cannot therefore be considered as a sign of dampness. Their persistency in a dry atmosphere he has found to be due to a coating of oil, derived from coal smoke, upon the minute vesicles of water composing the fog, and which effectually hinders the evapomtion of the water. The discharge of such oleaginous matter into the atmosphere in immense quantities, by reason of the incomplete combustion of bituminous coal universally employed as fuel, is quite comprehensible; but that it would have the effect above noticed, is a singular and unexpected operation. Dr. Frankland is further credited with the assertion—the rational conclusion of his observation—that by substituting smokeless coal, coke or gas in place of bituminous coal for firing purposes, the fogs of the city would be a thing of the past.

New Lighthouses.

THE COAST OF NEW ENGLAND WELL LIGHTED.

Last session Congress authorized the erection of a lighthouse on old Gay rock, Wickford harbor, Narragansett bay, appropriating $45,000 therefor. This was the largest amount appropriated for a new lighthouse, and the old Gay rock will be surmounted with the finest structure commenced this year. It will supersede a light of the fifth order now known as Poplar light. The light house board has, through Gen. Duane, engineer for the southern New England coast, already secured a cession of the proposed site of the lighthouse from the state of Rhode Island to the United States. Gen. Duane is now preparing plans and estimates for the structure. These are to be very carefully drawn, and, as the building is to be very solid and handsome, it will probably not be commenced until spring. The erection of the lighthouse on Borden's flats, Mt. Hope bay, Mass., for which $25,000 was appropriated last session, is being pushed with celerity. It will be a low, strongly-built structure, founded on long iron piles, packed with cement and driven into the marsh. It will probably be completed and its lantern lighted before New Year's day. The establishment of the minor light on Forked rock Stamford harbor, Ct., for which $7000 was appropriated last session, will be consummated by the same time. Although there are some points on the New England coast that should be furnished with minor or major lights, that coast, taken as a whole, is the best lighted section of the coast line of the United States.

Smart volunteer captain "dressing" his men at "the charge": "Lean more forward, Mr. Jones; that"—touching the point of Jones's bayonet—"couldn't resist a donkey!" Private Jones (sotto voce)—"Couldn't it? Just try!"

October.

Why am I sad? the golden-rod
Blooms in the reaper's track;
The autumn breeze is sweet, although
It sings a coronach!
In June the woods were not more fair,
The sea was not more blue,
The mountains blended in the sky
With no more lovely hue.
Why am I sad? An awful dread
Haunts me and will not down;
I fear my summer girl will meet
My other girl in town.

SELECTED.

It was a baker who, in response to the admonition, "Go west, young man, go west!" replied that he proposed to stick to the yeast.

Spain, with only 17,000,000 of inhabitants, turns out yearly twice as much wheat as does Italy with 28,000,000 of inhabitants.

The man who smooths off the top of strong firkin butter with a knife calls that instrument "Love," because it levels all ranks.—*Peoria Transcript.*

Scene of reconciliation between lovers: She—"So be it; I will agree that I have my faults." He—"Oh, yes!" She (indignantly)—"What are they, pray?"

A young lady at an examination in grammar was asked "Why the noun bachelor was singular." She replied immediately, "Because it is very singular they don't get married."

A little boy being asked by another boy what he was doing now, replied, "I am a cashier in a clothing store." "You, cashier!" said the other in amazement. "Yes," said the little chap; "that's what the clerks call me. A hundred times a day they holler 'cashier!' "Cash! here!" was what the clerks said.

John Morgan was under engagement to marry Lottie Church, at Sandy Lane, Ala. He deserted her and went to live in an adjoining county. When told of his perfidy, she prayed that he might be punished by instant death. It chanced that at exactly that hour he was killed by the fall of a tree. Lottie believes that her prayer caused his death, and is crazed by remorse.

The new postal law of Venezuela, S. A., which has just been received at the post-office department, contains the following strange and inquisitive provision: "If it is suspected that the contents of an 'unpaid letter' are in the nature of a joke, the addressee is not obliged to pay the postage, provided it is opened in the presence of the postmaster and the suspicion is found to be confirmed."

Mendicancy is forbidden in Paris and the neighboring villages. But under various pretenses it seems to be more prevalent than it has been known for a long time. Some of the persons who beg in Paris have known better days, and are dainty in their language. A gentleman said to an outstretched palm: "I have not a sou about me." "Sir," exclaimed the worthy mendicant with a sneer, "I have not specified the species of coin."

A company is now being organized with a capital of $100,000 in shares of $100 each for the purpose of establishing a swimming school in Boston, Mass. There will be two tanks for bathing—one exclusively for women and girls, the other exclusively for men and boys. There will be a third, wholly disconnected, which will be used for salt water baths, for the sexes separately on alternate days. The school will probably be open for the public on April 15, 1881.

Poor work is undignified. To cozen charity for pay is undignified. To pretend to teach, or preach, or write, or follow any of the arts, having no vocation thereto, is undignified. But honest and intelligent work, of whatever kind, must confer dignity. This is written in the Hindoo book of wisdom: "It is labor which makes known the true worth of a person, as fire makes the perfume of the incense evaporate." And a higher scripture saith, "The laborer is worthy of his hire."

"Female torpedoes" are an attraction at Belgian fairs. In the center of a booth is a pit which the spectators encircle, and in this pit a woman, attired as a gymnast, walks about on a platform. Now and then she touches a spectator on the hand or cheek, and the latter receives a smart electric shock, but the woman feels nothing. She is evidently highly charged with electricity by means of an induction coil, and the platform on which she stands is one pole of the coil. The electrified nymph is a great success, and her stinging caresses elicit roars of laughter from the visitors.

A New Bible.

In a few months, at the furthest, the New Testament, in a revised translation, will be in the hands of English and American readers. The question naturally arises whether the new version will be received. It was answered the other evening before the Presbyterian council at Philadelphia by Rev. Dr. T. W. Chambers of New York. His points in favor of the revision, briefly stated, are these: The work is needed to bring the translation of the Bible up to the present state of the language and the present stage of critical and exegetical investigation. The revision will be based on an improved text. It is undertaken by the same authority as that to which we are indebted for King James's version. It has been planned and advanced upon an unsectarian basis. It has been a work in which the scholars of England and the United States have co-operated. The work of the revisers has been entirely unhampered, yet it is a revision, not a new translation, of the Bible. It has not been undertaken hastily, and every change has been made after full deliberation. The revised Bible will be marked by uniformity in the use of Greek, Hebrew and other words. The spirit in which the work has been done is conservative and reverent. These are its chief claims to adoption. It will probably be adopted slowly, a matter of option with different denominations, going into use partly upon its merits, partly as the result of a general movement. What has so far been done is the work of ten years, and it is likely to be ten years more before the whole Bible is revised and in the hands of the people.

Meredith Eagle.

C. H. KIMBALL,
Editor and Proprietor.
PLYMOUTH, N. H.

S. H. Robie, Manager
Office, Prescott's Block.
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SATURDAY, OCT. 16, 1880.

NEWS FROM OUR NEIGHBORS.

HEBRON.

L. K Ball has harvested 83 bushels of good sound corn this season from one-half acre of land. We call that a good yield. A SUBSCRIBER.

NEW HAMPTON.

S. W. Brown has returned to Lyndon, Vt., where he attends school.

Addie C. Woodman has just closed her school in district No. 9. Names of scholars on the roll of honor: T. E. Abel, A. E. Abel, Winfred Gilpatrick, Henry L. Gault, Ell J. Putney.

W. H. Abel's new barn is progressing finely. R. R.

LACONIA.

On Thursday night of last week there was a rather slim turn out by the Hancock club in line with torches headed by the Highland brass band, of Lake Village, only about 150 torches, 45 of whom were boys.

On the same evening a Republican meeting was held at Folsom hall; George H. Everett, chairman. The first speaker was Hon. C. H. Bell, Republican candidate for governor, who spoke over an hour. Mr. Bell was followed by U. S. Senator Hon. H. W. Blair, of Plymouth. Music was furnished by the Belknap cornet band, also singing by Prof. Measham, the campaign singer, accompanied by an organ, F. L. Hunkins officiating as organist. The hall was crowded.

Two companies of "boys in blue" are being formed in this town, one by the Hancock club and one by the Garfield club. Which will be the largest?

Great preparations are being made to uniform the different organizations here for campaign work. It is said that Richard Gove drew his check for $100 and sent one of the captains to Boston to uniform his men.

Jack Belford, the fellow who broke into George H. Wilkinson's tin store, was sentenced to seven years in the state prison.

Geo. E. Varnum, better known as the "Prof.," charged with selling liquor at the Weirs, made a spirited plea in his behalf, but was found guilty and fined $50 and cost. As the "Prof." was out of "tin" he went up with Neighbor Clark to board.

James Gillogly plead "not guilty" to the charge of breaking and entering and gave bonds for his appearance at the March term of court.

Huskings are all the go now hereabouts. There was a husking at H. G. Prescott's, the well-known milkman, Oct. 1st, there being 75 or 80 persons present by invitation. During the evening they removed the husks from 400 bushels of ears of corn. Judging from appearances we should say that about one-fourth of the ears were red. Mrs. Prescott provided a bountiful supper, consisting of pumpkin pies and lots of good things. When they got ready to go home it was most time for the hired man to go to milking. It is understood that the next one will be at our genial milkman's farm, Harland P. Ladd's. Look out for a good one then.

Business is very dull in the Laconia car works and likely to be for a while.
W. A. C.

LOCAL MARKET.

RETAIL PRICES CORRECTED EVERY WEEK.

Beans, bu.,	$1 75	2 00	Turkeys, lb.,	10	15
Butter, lb.,	15	25	Dried Apples, lb.	2	5
Beef, lb.,	4	12½	Wood, cord,	3 50	4 00
Cheese, lb.,	10	15	Tallow, lb.,	3	4
Chickens, lb.,	10	12	Maple Sugar, lb.,		8@11
Eggs, doz.,		17	Hay, ton,		14 00
Lard, lb.,		10	Veal, lb.,		8
Potatoes, bu.,	40	50	Oats, bu.,		30
Pork, lb.,		6	Flour, bbl.,	5 50	9 50
Hides, lb.,		7	Corn meal, 100 lbs.	2 15	
Calfskins, each,	40	60	Pork, salt,	6	12
Sheepskins, "	40	80	Molasses,	40	55
Honey, lb.,	20	25	Vinegar,		30
Tobacco, lb.,	40	1 00	Wool, unwash. lb.,		40
Prints, yd.,	6	10	Sugar, lb.,	8	12
Cot. Cloth, yd.,	5	15	Cider, bbl.,	1 50	4 00
Candles, lb.,	12	17	Kerosene, gal.,	11	25
Shorts, 100 lbs.,	1	25	Tea, lb.,	25	75
Flannel, yd.,	20	50	Coffee, Rio, lb.,	17	25
Straw, 100 lbs.,	0	25	" Java, lb.,	25	30
Rye, bu.,		85	Mutton,	4	7
Pollock,		4	Raisins,	10	20
Fresh Cod,	2	7	Shingles,	1 50	2 50
Ham, smoked,	10	12	Lathe,	2 00	2 25
Geese	8	12	Ducks,	6	10
Green Peas, bu		1 00	Maple syrup,	60	1 00
Salt coarse,		60	Onions,		1 50
Box		10	25		

75 CENTS A YEAR. THE CHICAGO WEEKLY NEWS. CHEAPEST weekly newspaper in the U. S. 75 CENTS A YEAR, postage included. One month's trial of publication. It is especially complete as a newspaper, publishing all the dispatches of both the Worth Associated Press and the National Associated Press, besides an extensive special and press dispatches from all important points. It is independent in Politics, possesses no political news free from partisan coloring without fear or favor. Every number contains Six choice stories. A favorite family paper. It is the Cheapest Weekly Paper in the U. S. 75 cents a year. A dollar bill pays for sixteen months. Address CHICAGO WEEKLY NEWS, 120 Fifth Av., Chicago, Ill.

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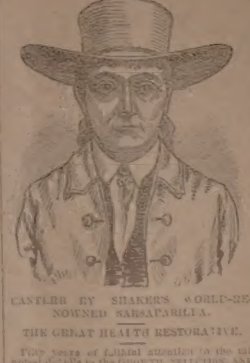

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Fifty years of careful attention to the unparalleled skill in the GROWTH, PREPARATION of its ingredients entitles this great original Family Medicine to the confidence of those desirous of pure, safe, effective, and reliable Blood Purifier, Spring Medicine, Appetizer and Tonic. It has been publicly indorsed and prescribed by hundreds of the greatest American physicians, among whom are Drs. Valentine Mott, Dixi Crosby, and Prof. Chaveland. Every druggist familiar with its virtues will bear testimony to its universal excellence, unequalled purity, and never-failing success. It is a

GENUINE SHAKER MEDICINE,

Brewed by Thos. Corbett and prepared by Ray Gates Dwight, the Shaker druggist of SHAKER VILLAGE, N. H. Those who have failed to be benefited by other Sarsaparillas are urged to make a single trial of this pure and wholesome compound of Shaker sarsaparilla, Dandelion, Yellow Dock, Mandrake, Black Cohosh, Gargot, Indian Hemp, and the Berries of Juniper and Cubeb united with fluids of Pepsaman, used by the Society; processed as made, never boiling, and adapted to all ages and both sexes.

It cleanses the blood, regulates the stomach and bowels, purifies the system of humors and inherited diseases, and is of priceless value in maintaining the health of the household. Insure the CORBETT'S SHAKERS' SARSAPARILLA sold everywhere. Address

SHAKER VILLAGE, N. H., Jan. 1, 1880.

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THIS INCOMPARABLE NUTRIENT is richer in Rose and Muscle Producing Matter than all other forms of malt or nourishment, while free from the objections urged against malt liquors. The difficult digestion, Nervous Excitement, Constipation, Emaciation, Mental and Physical Exhaustion, Nervousness, Want of Sleep, Dyspepsia, Impotency, Loss of Flesh, Kidney and Urinary Complaints, Debility, Wasting Diseases, Nursing Mothers, or the aged, and Delicate Children, MALT BITTERS is unrivaled, and for tonic, general use, and recommended every one pounded. Sold everywhere.

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Hon. Joseph H. Scranton, ex-Mayor of Hartford, says: "Was relieved with Rheumatism for about three years, caused by overwork; cured in two weeks by using "Wyomoke." Letter may be used.

Mr. A. C. Smith, with D. Appleton & Co., says: "It gives almost immediate and beneficial effect of 'Wyomoke' in Dyspepsia and Nervous Debility was in my case most astonishing." Letter can be used. Sold by Druggists. Send for Pamphlet.

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THE BEST AND GREATEST SPRING MEDICINE

It will drive the Poisons from your system, and make your skin clear and smooth. Those Pimples and Blotches which mar your beauty are caused by impure blood, and can be removed in a short time, if you are willing to use the great blood purifier

SULPHUR BITTERS.

We Guarantee that a few bottles will work wonders in your health, if you will only give them a fair trial. Why suffer with Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Biliousness, Rheumatism, Kidney Complaints, Female Weakness, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Loss of Appetite, Low Spirits, Impure Blood, Boils, Humors, Eruptions, Scrofula, Ulcers, Sores, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scald Head, Ringworm, Pimples, Blotches, Fever Sores, Carbuncles, Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Consumption, Liver Complaint, Piles, Constipation, Worms, Malaria, Chills and Fever, Blood Poisoning, Erysipelas, Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, Measles, Small Pox, Typhoid Fever, Typhus Fever, Yellow Fever, Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Female Complaints, Nervous Debility, Paralysis, Hip Disease, Spinal Affections, Rickets, Fits, Epilepsy, Locomotor Ataxia, Neuralgia, Tic Douloureux, Sciatica, Lumbago, Kidney Complaints, Gravel, Stone in the Bladder, Urinary Complaints, Retention of Urine, Incontinence of Urine, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Dropsy, Gout, Erysipelas, Blood Poisoning, Mercurial Diseases, Abscesses, Tumors, Cancers, Ulcers, Fever Sores, Scrofula, Consumption, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, Hay Fever, Headache, Sleeplessness, Nervousness, Sick Headache

Meredith Eagle.

C. H. KIMBALL,
Editor and Proprietor.

S. H. Robie, Manager.

SATURDAY, OCT. 16, 1880.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

MEREDITH MATTERS.

Spring beds can be obtained at C. H. Colby's photograph rooms.

Nearly all the horses in this vicinity are suffering with the epizootic.

J. W. Mead presents us with some nice ripe strawberries picked on the 12th inst.

Squire Clark will organize a singing class at the Baptist chapel Monday evening, Oct. 25, at 7 o'clock.

Dr. F. P. Carey has been attending the meeting of the Grand Lodge I. O. O. F., at Littleton, this week.

F. H. Dunlap has closed his labors with J. W. Beede & Co., and left for West Salisbury, Friday morning.

J. D. Bartlett will sell a lot of personal property, at auction, on the 26th instant, at his farm in New Hampton.

We are indebted to Mr. N. Clark for "official count" of the audiences present at the two political meetings, this week.

John Hawkins has been trying his luck with the gun, and reported the capture of 21 greys, one coon and one pigeon, for a day's labor.

J. R. Quimby, with C. H. Colby and E. C. Mansfield, have been distributing advertising sheets, this week, throughout the different towns in this region.

Willis Robinson had one of his fingers caught in the gearing of machinery and considerably bruised, Thursday, but it is thought amputation will not be necessary.

Perhaps it would be well for town authorities to take measures for the suppression of the liquor sale in other towns where it is carried on. Meredith has set the example.

A Democratic rally was held in town hall Wednesday evening, and 540 were present to listen to speeches by Hon. Isaac Bradford of Exeter, and Col. Frank H. Pierce of Hillsborough.

Mr. James M. Beede of this place was recently elected one of the delegates by the Grand Lodge I. O. G. T. of New Hampshire, to the R. W. Grand Lodge which meets in Topeka, Kansas, on the 4th of May next.

The temperance enthusiasm has not yet subsided, and the town hall was well filled Sunday evening, as usual. The list of names was unrolled before the audience, which showed the result of temperance work, 1,950 names.

Hon. G. M. Dewey of Michigan addressed the Republicans of this town Monday evening, and an audience of 650 was present. Singing by Prof. J. A. Maxham, and the Republican Glee Club. Mechanics band furnished music.

The Freewill Baptist society have secured the large room in the Corporation building for the purpose of holding meetings, suppers, etc. Sociables and suppers are held every two weeks, and a general good time is enjoyed by all, offering pleasant attractions for the young people. An oyster supper occurs in two weeks from last Wednesday evening, and it is hoped a good number may be present.

Republicans seemed to be well pleased over the recent elections, and Thursday evening witnessed quite an extensive illumination of the business places and dwellings. Among them we noticed that of S. A. Ladd's residence and bank building, S. W. Rollins' residence and office, the stores of D. A. Ambrose, J. W. Beede, E. C. Mansfield, and the residences of J. A. Lang and Col. E. Stevens.

We were not a little surprised to notice, in a certain weekly newspaper of a recent date, that the *Commercial Advertiser*, published by the manager of this paper for advertising purposes, "which purports to be printed here, when in reality it was printed in Manchester, N. H." In justice to ourselves we will state that no such "purport" was ever made, before or since the paper was issued. We are all liable to mistakes, however, and editors are human and must bear their share of this misfortune, so we pass it by.

Have Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry always at hand. It cures Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Croup, Influenza, Consumption, and all Throat and Lung Complaints. 50 cents and $1 a bottle.

The medicines of DUNBAR DRUG & CO. are unexcelled for elegance, purity, and reliability. Their Seidlitine Seidlitz Powders, are as pleasant as Lemonade. Their Soft Capsules are world famous. See Adv't.
For sale by G. S. Bartlett, Plymouth.

It Don't Pay!

To shun money away, but I invested a dollar for a bottle of Sulphur Bitters which cured me of Dyspepsia. It saved me ten dollars in doctors' and druggists' bills. — Machinist, Lowell, Mass.

If you want anything in the floral line for entertainments, funerals and parties, or for farm or garden, read George Main's advertisement and then call at Plummer Fox's store, Plymouth, and order of him. 99-tf

Some of the most popular songs of the day for sale at L. C. Hull's for only ONE CENT EACH.

Dr. Baxter's Mandrake Bitters are a superior combination of Barks, Roots, and Herbs not attained by any other manufacturers of Bitters.

Keep in the stable and always at hand Henry & Johnson's Arnica and Oil Liniment as it is the best remedy for Horse, Bruises, Strains, &c.

For Coughs, Colds, Croup, Asthma, and all Lung Affections, use Downs' Elixir, which has stood the test of fifty years, and has not been found wanting.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is made of roots, herbs, and barks. It gives tone to the stomach and makes the weak strong. Sold by Druggists.

HUMAN BLOOD.—On the purity and vitality of the blood depend the vigor and health of the whole system. Disease of various kinds is often only the sign that nature is trying to remove the disturbing cause. A remedy that gives life and vigor to the blood, eradicates scrofula and other impurities from it, as Hood's Sarsaparilla undoubtedly does, must be the means of preventing many diseases that would occur without its use. Sold by dealers.

Some of the latest styles of Political Badges of both parties, for sale at L. C. HULL'S for only 10 cents each.

We have much pleasure in recommending Thermaline to our readers, as an absolute cure for Malaria. The manufacturers' name alone is a guarantee of its merit. It sells at 25 cents per box. For particulars see Advt.
For sale by G. S. Bartlett, Plymouth

Much distress and sickness attributed to dyspepsia and chronic diarrhœa is occasioned by humor in the stomach. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the remedy.

HONEST MEDICINE

"FAVORITE REMEDY"
Recommended by Clergymen, Statesmen and Others.

SALT RHEUM.

Hon. J. H. Snyder, of Saugerties, N. Y., gratefully testifies to the ability of "Favorite Remedy" as exhibited in the case of his little daughter who was covered with Salt Rheum from head to foot. "Favorite Remedy," says this thankful father, "relieved my girl altogether from this fearful affliction, Salt Rheum. This occurred two years ago, and not a sign of the disease has since appeared." What it did for this child it will do for all who use it.

LIVER DISEASE.

Mr. J. H. Northrop, of Lansingburg, N. Y., for several years Captain of the Troy police, says: "I have been for a long time a great sufferer from derangement of the liver, and after using many of the medicines recommended for that complaint, Dr. Kennedy's "Favorite Remedy" is the only one which gave me any relief. I firmly believe that the "Favorite Remedy" is a good, honest preparation; one that may be depended upon."

CHRONIC LIVER DISEASE.

Rev. J. G. Smith, of Hartford, Ct., says: "Being a great sufferer from Chronic Liver Disease and Indigestion, I at last tried your 'Favorite Remedy' and found immediate relief. I used two bottles, which worked wonders in my general system."

TEACHERS & STUDENTS $55 to $100, or $200 per month during VACATION. For full particulars, address J. C. McCURDY & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

CHEAP HOMES! IN A MILD CLIMATE. In North Carolina Good Farming, Grazing and Mineral Lands can be bought VERY CHEAP. The Climate is mild, equable, healthful. The Soil is good and capable of the highest development. Everything grown in the Union is grown in it to profit. Population law-abiding and hospitable. TAXES LIGHT. Manufactures multiplying and prospering. Endless water powers. Correspondence invited. Information promptly given. Apply to the Department of Agriculture, Raleigh, N. C.

400 SCROLL SAW PATTERNS in miniature, and a large illustrated catalogue, SENT FREE by JOHN WILKINSON, 77 State St., Chicago, Ill., Manufacturer, Importer and dealer in SCROLL SAWS, LATHES, CARVING TOOLS, SKATES, ARCHERY, CROQUET, CAMP CHAIRS, Small Sail Boats, Games, Mouth Organs, Bicycles, Velocipedes, Toys, etc. Catalogue, Order-blanks and envelopes free. 477

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☞NEWMAN'S CARBOLIC OINTMENT is brought to your notice with the assurance that no better remedy was ever prepared for the cure of wounds, bruises, cuts, sores, burns, scalds, scrofulous sores, ulcers, piles, boils, and in fact for any disease of the skin. Testimonials have been received from Farmers who have cured of chapped hands, cold sores, sore lips and chilblains, but have been cured by using it. It is one of the best articles ever used for wounds, cuts, sores, galls, or scratches on horses. In the past few years this ointment has had an extensive sale, and we have yet to hear of a single instance where it has failed to give perfect satisfaction. Price 25 cents a box. Prepared by C. T. NEWMAN, Druggist, Manchester, N. H. For sale by druggists generally. Wholesale agents—Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., and Gilman Brothers, Boston, Mass.

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Plymouth.

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THERMALINE
A Safe and Reliable Substitute for Quinine.
The only 25 cent
AGUE REMEDY
IN THE WORLD
CURES
CHILLS & FEVER
and all MALARIAL DISEASES.
Sold by all Druggists. Mailed FREE on receipt of price. Write to BENDAU DRUG & CO., 10 Wonders Street, New York, for their ten cent book, mailed to the readers of this paper FREE on application.

THE BALD HEAD'S FRIEND.

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY!

CARBOLINE!

A Deodorized extract of Petroleum,
The Only Article that Will Restore Hair on Bald Heads.

What the World has been Wanting for Centuries.

The greatest discovery of our day, so far as a large portion of humanity is concerned, is CARBOLINE, an article prepared from petroleum, and which effects a complete and radical cure in case of baldness, or where the hair, owing to diseases of the scalp, has become thin and tends to fall out. It is also a speedy restorative, and while its use secures a luxuriant growth of hair, it also brings back the natural color, and gives the most complete satisfaction in the using. The falling out of the hair, the accumulations of dandruff, and the premature change in color are all evidences of a diseased condition of the scalp and the glands which nourish the hair. To arrest these causes the article used must possess medical as well as chemical virtues, and the change must begin under the *scalp* to be of permanent and lasting benefit. Such an article is CARBOLINE, and, like many other wonderful discoveries, it is found to consist of elements almost in their natural state. Petroleum oil is the article which is made to work such extraordinary results; but it is after it has been chemically treated and completely deodorized that it is in proper condition for the toilet. It was in far-off Russia that the effect of petroleum upon the hair was first observed, a Government officer having noticed that a partially bald-headed servant of his, when trimming the lamps, had a habit of wiping his oil-besmeared hands in his scanty locks, and the result was in a few months a much finer head of black, glossy hair than he ever had before. The oil was tried on horses and cattle that had lost their hair from the cattle plague, and the results were as rapid as they were marvelous. The manes and even the tails of horses, which had fallen out, were completely restored in a few weeks. These experiments were heralded to the world, but the knowledge was practically useless to the prematurely bald and gray, as no one in civilized society could tolerate the use of refined petroleum as a dressing for the hair. But the skill of one of our chemists has overcome the difficulty, and by a process known only to himself, he has, after very elaborate and costly experiments, succeeded in deodorizing refined petroleum, which renders it susceptible of being handled as daintily as the famous *eau de cologne*. The experiments with the deodorized liquid on the human hair were attended with the most astonishing results. A few applications, where the hair was thin and falling, gave remarkable tone and vigor to the scalp and hair. Every particle of dandruff disappears on the first or second dressing, and the liquid so searching in its nature, seems to penetrate to the roots at once, and set up a radical change from the start. It is well known that the most beautiful colors are made from petroleum, and, by some mysterious operation of nature, the use of this article gradually imparts a beautiful light-brown color to the hair which by continued use, deepens to a black. The color remains permanent for an indefinite length of time, and the change is so gradual that the most intimate friends can scarcely detect its progress. In a word, it is the most wonderful discovery of the age, and well calculated to make the prematurely bald and gray rejoice.

We advise our readers to give it a trial, feeling satisfied that one application will convince them of its wonderful effects.—*Pittsburgh Commercial of Oct. 22, 1877.*

The article is telling its own story in the hands of thousands who are using it with the most gratifying and encouraging results:

W. H. BRILL & Co., Fifth Avenue Pharmacy, says, "We have sold preparations for the hair for upward of twenty years, but have never had one to sell as well or give such universal satisfaction. We therefore recommend it with confidence to our friends and the general public."

MR. GUSTAVUS F. HALL, of the Oates Opera Troupe, writes: "After six weeks' use I am convinced, as are also my comrades, that your 'Carboline' has and is producing a wonderful growth of hair where I had none for years."

C. H. SMITH, of the Jennie Hight Combination, writes: "After using your 'Carboline' three weeks I am convinced that bald heads can be 're-haired.' It's simply wonderful in my case."

B. F. ARTHUR, *chemist*, Holyoke, Mass., writes: "Your 'Carboline' has restored my hair after everything else had failed."

JOSEPH E. POND, attorney-at-law, No. Attleboro, Mass., writes: For more than 20 years a portion of my head has been as smooth and free from hair as a billiard ball, but some eight weeks ago I was induced to try your Carboline, and the effect has been simply wonderful. Where no hair has been seen for years there now appears a thick growth, and I am convinced that by continuing its use I shall have as good a head of hair as I ever had. It is growing now nearly as rapidly as hair does after it is cut.

CARBOLINE
Is now presented to the public without fear of contradiction as the best Restorative and Beautifier of the Hair the world has ever produced.
Price, ONE DOLLAR per bottle.
Sold by all Druggists.

KENNEDY & CO., PITTSBURG, PA.,
Sole Agents for the United States, the Canadas and Great Britain.

Established 1847.
GARDNER COOK
Manufacturer of and Dealer in
Sash, Doors and Blinds, Window Frames, Mouldings, Brackets, Stair Rails, &c.
Birch and Fancy Wood Floors got out to order.
SCHOOL HOUSE FURNITURE,
Apothecary Cases and Drawers, Packing Cases, Hosiery Boards, &c.
LACONIA, N. H.
336-25

F. E. CLARK,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

CARPETS,
CROCKERY,
CHINA,
GLASS,
SILVER and
BRITANNIA WARES of all designs and patterns; also
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
STRAW MATTING,
STAIR OILS,
PAPER HANGINGS,
WINDOW SHADES,
OPAQUES, HOLLANDS,
VARIETY GOODS, Etc.,

All of which are retailed at the lowest living prices.

☞Examine our stock before buying elsewhere.

To The Trade.

It is with pleasure that we can announce to the trade that we are able to offer all kinds of Crockery, China, Glass and Stone Wares, at prices which will enable us to compete with the largest Boston houses.

This announcement will give all country traders a chance to save money. As we sell our goods at the same price that you can buy in Boston, and charge nothing for cartage, you save freight from Boston here, also cartage fee. We make a specialty of all kinds of GLASS WARE, and particularly of CHIMNEYS.

Please reserve your orders until you have written us for prices, and we will show you that you can save money by dealing with us.

Hoping to be favored with a share of your trade, we are very respectfully yours,

F. E. CLARK,
Bailey's Block, CONCORD, N. H.
E. & J. 305-22.

October, 1880.

Underwear! Underwear! Underwear!

Remember, this is the month to buy Underwear.

We are now carrying our Largest Stock, and prices were never lower than at present.

200 Dozen Ladies' UNDERVESTS and PANTS,
At 25, 37, 50, 62, 75, 87c., $1.00, 1.15, 1.50, 1.75, & 2.00 each.

"The Best Yet" is our
NEW 50c. VEST,
No other dealer will match it for less than **65c.**, and our **62c.** Vest is a "Perfect Gem" of a bargain, and sold elsewhere for 87c. All other qualities remarkably cheap.

Misses' and Children's Underwear from 25c. to 75c. each. All sizes, from 16 to 32.

MEN'S! MEN'S! MEN'S AND BOYS'
Underwear in Great Quantities.

MEN'S SHIRTS AND DRAWERS,
25, 30, 35, 37, 50, 62, 75, 87c., $1.00 and up to $3.50 each.

All our Underwear is marked at the lowest prices possible, and no one can afford to buy even one piece before examining our superb New Stock.

LADIES! LADIES! LADIES!
On Saturday, October 2d,
WE WILL OPEN
A Magnificent Line of New Fall and Winter Dolmans, Sacques, Ulsters, etc.

O'SHEA BROS'.
130 to 136 Main Street, ... Laconia, N. H.

GEORGE W. DOLLOFF,
LAKE VILLAGE, N. H.,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
(Opposite Mr. Belknap's House.)
Always keeps all the Latest Novelties the Market affords.
☞He makes his suits to order equal to the finest city trade and at as low prices as ordinary work can be bought for elsewhere.
☞Particular attention given to cutting Garments for others to make.
22-1y.

Robinson & Son,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
SUPERIOR CABINET Organs
Meredith, N. H.
Our organ cases are all made from SOLID BLACK WALNUT or other woods as may be desired, and thoroughly seasoned, and will stand any test that wood is capable of. In the construction of these organs we use nothing but the very best materials obtainable.

PRICES FROM $75 AND UPWARDS.

WE ARE MAKING A GOOD
SUBSTANTIAL ORGAN
with 2 full sets of reeds and tremolo for the unprecendented
Low Price of $75.
All instruments are warranted for SIX YEARS.

Having had many years' experience at Pianoforte making we feel confident that we can offer work second to no other manufacturers in this or any other State in the country.

Organs Constantly on Hand or Built to Order,
containing any number of combination of stops. Buyers of organs will readily perceive the great advantage in having their organ constructed under their own supervision, and purchasing at first hand, thereby saving agents' commissions.

We are also manufacturers for *RETAIL ONLY*
—OF—
Superior Walnut And other
EXTENSION TABLES
OF SPLENDID FINISH
Which we are offering at JOBBERS' PRICES.
☞Tables of any length desired.☜
Our tables are all made firm, and designed to stand the solid wear of every day use.
☞Please send for circular and price list.

LACONIA
BOOT AND SHOE STORE.
J. T. WEEKS & Co.,
95 Main Street,
(Successors to Otis Beaman), keep a full line of
BOOTS & SHOES,
Hats & Caps,
Shoe Tools, Shoe Findings,
Stationery, &c., &c
Our Motto:
"GOOD GOODS AND LOW PRICES,"
WILL WIN ANYHOW.
2-3m.

DR. F. L. MASON,
Dealer in
DRUGS AND MEDICINES,
Chemicals, Jewelry and Silver Ware of all kinds, Fancy Goods, Toys, Books, Stationery, Toilet Articles, Perfumery, &c.
Dr. Mason having had nearly 20 years' experience as a regular practitioner, and having passed a satisfactory examination before the Commissioners of Pharmacy, will pay personal attention to the compounding of Physicians' Prescriptions.
COR. MAIN AND WATER STS.
MEREDITH VILLAGE, N. H.

C. H. COLBY,
PHOTOGRAPHER,
Meredith Village, N.H.
Is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line. A specialty made of copying, enlarging and finishing in India ink, warranted not to fade.
☞Stereoscopes and Stereoscopic Views of Meredith and vicinity for sale.
The celebrated Roman Violin Strings always on hand at 25c. each. Sent by mail on application. 12-3m

F. P. CAREY, F. D. S.
DENTAL ROOMS,
Prescott's Block,
MEREDITH, N. H.

HAVEN PALMER, M.D.
Physician and Surgeon,
MEREDITH VILLAGE - - - N. H.

ELM HOUSE.
This house is too well known to need any further comment.
10-3m Livery Stable Attached.
C. M. BURLEIGH, Proprietor.

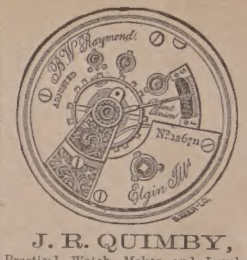
J. A. LANG,
For Sale PIANOS and To Let.
I can furnish Pianos of all grades and styles, either on lease or sale, on the most satisfactory terms. Address
72 MEREDITH, N. H.

Are You in Want of
EXTENSION TABLES?
If so, call on ROBINSON & SONS, Meredith Village, and get good honest custom work, that will last a lifetime.

PRICES VERY LOW.

B. F. SHEPHARD,
Ladies' and Gents'
HAIR DRESSER.
Hair Curling and Shampooing.
Particular attention given to Ladies' and Children's Hair Cutting.
Instruction Given on Guitar.
MEREDITH VILLAGE - - - - N. H.

CALL ON
Bickford & Roberts,
When in want of anything in the line of
Dry Goods,
Groceries, Confectionery, Cigars, Dry and Pickled Fish, Canned Goods, Fruit, &c., &c.
Together with other goods usually kept in a country grocery store, which they will sell at the lowest living prices for cash or ready pay.
They hope by fair dealing to merit and receive a share of public patronage. BICKFORD & ROBERTS.



J. R. QUIMBY,
Practical Watch Maker and Jeweler, Meredith, N. H., Dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Solid Silver and Plated Goods, Spectacles, etc. Engraving done with neatness and despatch.
N. B.—All watches will be examined in the presence of the parties bringing them in, and the fault shown, to prevent the over-charge so often made. All work warranted to give satisfaction, or money refunded.

THEODORE A. GOFFE,
DEALER IN
BUILDERS'
SUPPLIES
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
SASH, DOORS,
BLINDS, WINDOW
FRAMES, MOULDINGS, &c
In fact, all kinds of finishing stock necessary for the completion of the highest, as well as the cheapest cost buildings whether for residences, manufacturing or business purposes.
Also, Stocking Boards, Dye Tubs, Packing Boxes and other articles for manufacturers' use, besides book covers, wardrobes, shelving, counters, signs, &c.
I have one of the best job shops in the country, ample machinery and water to run it and can dispatch my work with the least possible delay. I guarantee good courteous treatment to all customers and by strict attention to business and square dealing hope to share fairly in the patronage of the public
☞Give me a call.
NEAR NEW MILL.
Ables' Court, Laconia.
9-1y.

NEW ENGLAND NEWS.

Maine.

The saw-mills of the Orono have stopped on account of the scarcity of water.

About 600,000 cans of sweet corn and 70,000 cans of succotash have been packed this season in Brighton.

Bowdoin college has an entering class of 41 and 146 in all the classes.

Oliver Huntley, Jr., of East Machias recently found a lost heifer of his tied to a tree in the woods by the tail, having been several days without food or drink.

T. W. Shaw of Guilford, an old man temporarily deranged, walked off the balcony of Turner house there recently, and fell 20 feet, breaking his neck.

Nearly 100,000 tons of ice remain unshipped on the Kennebec, though all sold, and it is said that a quantity of ice sold this summer was put up in 1871.

Frank Hooper of Greene and Chester Addition of Leeds disappeared recently, and are supposed to be drowned.

The following directors were elected at the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Portland and Rochester railroad: George P. Wescott, Frederic Robie, H. J. Libby, J. S. Ricker, John Lynch, W. G. Ray, Charles McCarthy, Jr., E. G. Wallace, John A. Waterman, William R. Wood, A. W. H. Clapp. The funded debt and accrued interest amounts to $2,076,000, and the mortgage of the 7 per cent bonds has been foreclosed.

The stage drivers of Maine, who were on the road between 1825 and 1834 are to have a reunion at Waterville the 25th to talk over old times.

New Hampshire.

Michael Casey and Timothy Sullivan of Portsmouth have lost their lives by railroad accidents.

The will of the late Miss H. Louise Penhallow of Portsmouth bequeaths $5000 to the American Unitarian association, $5000 to the Unitarian parish in that city, $5000 to the Unitarian Sunday-school, $2000 to the Portsmouth Howard benevolent society.

The present season at the White mountains has been the most successful ever known, the larger hotels clearing from $5000 to $15,000 each more than last year.

The state valuation is $169,453,432, a decrease of $1,941,296 from last year, which is accounted for by an increase of $1,922,653 in the savings banks deposit. The valuation of Manchester is the highest, $17,457,756; Concord $10,103,057; Nashua, $8,620,574; Dover, $7,430,482; Keene, $6,761,173; Portsmouth, $6,472,404.

People in Portsmouth were astonished recently by what seemed to be a sea-monster swimming in the Piscataqua river, but which turned out to be an ox that had got its head into a barrel, and, unable to get it out, had fallen into the river.

Colburn, who accidentally shot Beauregard at Manchester a month ago, has been found guilty of manslaughter in the second degree.

The epizootic has broken out at Manchester and Belmont.

The assignees of the Caroll county five cents saving bank will soon declare a dividend of 15 per cent, which makes 40 per cent paid altogether.

The Amoskeag company of Manchester have been compelled by the excessively low water to start up for the first time an immense Corliss engine which they purchased six years ago, of 1000 horse-power, about the same as the great centennial engine.

Rev. Mr. Smiley has resigned charge of the Universalist church of Claremont.

The Universalists, in session at Portsmouth, have decided to have their next state convention at Nashua.

Vermont.

Owing to the great depth of water in which the vessels are found to have sunk near Barber's Point, the engineers have decided to discontinue the use of the diving apparatus and use of grapplers.

O. C. Sheldon has produced 145 bushels of fine onions, or 725 bushels per acre, on one-fifth of an acre of land at East Middlebury, which at the selling price, 75 cents, amounts to the profitable sum of $543.

E. C. Hayden, the wife-murderer, was taken from the work-shop in the state-prison recently, and will be kept in a cell until the day of his execution in January.

Joshua Fowler of Colchester, aged 81, cut his throat, on account of the mortification caused by a cancer on his face.

Trenor W. Park, Bennington's speculator and political boss, who is thought by some to be worth $15,000,000, peddled pop-corn and molasses in the streets of Bennington 40 years ago.

The estate of M. T. Shuckett, the missing Vergennes cattle drover, has been placed in bankruptcy, and Darwin Rider of Middlebury appointed assignee.

The diphtheria is abating in Bennington, and the public schools were opened recently.

The Adirondack deer put on the western slopes of the Green mountains have been breeding extensively the past season, nearly every doe having a fawn.

While B. F. Taylor and George E. Cooper of Rutland were out gunning a few days ago they became separated, and Cooper, thinking he saw a partridge moving, fired at it, but it proved to be Taylor's head, and he received a charge of about 50 shot in the face and head. It is feared that his sight is injured.

A tenement-house owned by Morrill Noyes was burned recently at Burlington; loss $3000.

The state medical society held its annual meeting at Montpelier recently.

Two hundred and forty hunters secured a 240-pound bear at Wardsboro the other day.

Massachusetts.

Throwing stones at the railway trains has become a serious evil along the line of the New York and New England railroad in South Boston, and it is but a few days since a brakeman was killed in that way.

Prominent Scandinavians of Boston are making arrangements for the reception of the poet Bjornstjerne Bjornson, and among those invited will be Henry W. Longfellow, Gov. Long, ex-Gov. Rice and Mayor Prince.

The large cranberry-bog in Wareham, covering about 60 acres, is estimated to yield 3500 barrels. Two hundred persons are engaged in picking them, and it is thought it will take them at least six weeks.

Chelmsford is agitated over the mysterious throwing of stones at the house and barn of George Spalding. The throwers cannot be detected, and pelt the investigators with stones.

Cambridge has had many incendiary fires lately.

The Paige-street Freewill Baptist church in Lowell recently completed the work of paying off its $5000 debt, which now leaves the society clear.

The body of a naked male child was found in Salem a few days ago, and an autopsy showed that it had been suffocated. There is no clew to the guilty parties.

The evening high school of Boston has about 600 pupils of both sexes, mostly adults.

Lewis Allen of Peabody visited Boston in 1815 and saw a pair of pegged shoes, and on his return made a pair of pegged shoes, whittling out each peg with his jack-knife. This is thought to have been the first pair of pegged shoes made in Essex county.

The railroad commissioners have issued a circular calling the attention of railroad managers to the increasing number of accidents at grade-crossings, and recommending that more care be exercised in deciding the question of placing gates or flagmen at dangerous crossings.

Rhode Island.

A fine new organ has just been placed in the Memorial chapel at Saylesville, Pawtucket. It is the gift of F. C. Sayles, who also recently placed in the chapel a splendid copy of Leonardo da Vinci's celebrated painting of "The Lord's Supper."

Frank Whipple, proprietor of Hopkin's hotel, Providence, died in a carriage there recently of asthma.

The coroner's jury in the case of Thomas Higgins of Providence, found lying on the railroad track and supposed to have been murdered, have rendered a verdict of accidental death.

Sarah Wood and Ruth Williams, only 13 and 14 years old, have been arrested in Providence for smoking cigars on the streets.

The United States fish commission has finished its labors at Newport, and Prof. Baird has returned to Washington.

Hilza Van Zaren, lately in the employ of Constant B. Andrews of New York as butler in his cottage at Newport, was arrested recently at New York charged with larceny of property valued at $500 from his employer.

Rev. Edwin M. Stone has resigned as librarian of the Rhode Island historical society, after a service of 30 years.

Providence has 25 national banks with a capital of $15,145,600 and $3,251,203 surplus and undivided profits.

Connecticut.

Prof. Newton finds at New Haven that Hartford's comet is not that of 1812, and will not attain any great brilliancy.

If the managers of the Parallel railroad do not expend $30,000 in actual expenses before October 20, their charter expires.

Over 6000 volumes have been added to the main library of Yale college the past year.

Hartford leads the cities of Connecticut in her death rate, while New Haven has probably the lowest rate, 12.5 in 100 per year.

Monroe has a cave in which, at a depth of 50 feet, have been found a spring of water and an old trap for wolves.

Mrs. Pomeroy Hingley of Canton, who recently had half of her tongue removed, is fast recovering, and can articulate a few words. The instrument used for the operation is a complicated one, and both burns and cuts.

It is said that Daniel Chadwick of Lyme will be appointed United States district attorney in place of the late Calvin G. Guild.

Edward C. Bassick was robbed recently of $2000 worth of diamonds and jewelry at his room in the Atlantic hotel, Bridgeport. Eight thousand dollars in cash was overlooked by the burglar, who is supposed to have been from New York.

Only 500 of the 600 manufacturing concerns of New Haven have answered the blanks for the census statistics, and Gen. Walker has written up about it.

The Southern road is building 400 box car at their shops in Hartford, and will have a new switch engine on before long.

The Hartford county agricultural society ran $150 behind at their late exhibition.

Linonia, Yale's oldest literary society, has voted by 11 to 10 to disband.

The bell of the Congregational church at Newtown has been used 112 years, and the golden rooster on top of the building has bullet marks made by the soldiers of the Revolution shooting at while passing through.

A gang of swindlers, who operated in western Massachusetts last year are trying to cheat the farmers in eastern Connecticut with "oxcelsior state paint," an almost worthless compound.

William Williams (colored) was recently caught in New Britain while trying to set fire to some sheds, and has been held in $1000.

Two hundred feet of new break-water at New Haven will soon be finished, at a cost of $80,000, and, as it is to be 3000 feet long, the expense will be something alarming.

Prof. Verrill of Yale college has secured 30 large cases of specimen fish from the United States fish commission for the college.

Meriden has paid $30,753 for its schools the past year, and wants $32,000 for next year.

The epizootic still prevails at Hartford and New London.

GENERAL NEWS.

Leading Liverpool grain circulars say that even the earliest threshings in Great Britain and other European countries show that America must be chiefly looked to for the season's supply.

The steamer Isaac Bell was burned at Portsmouth, Va., recently, with 750 bales of cotton and other merchandise; loss $240,000.

Minnesota and Dakota wheat has turned out better than was expected three weeks ago, when heavy rain overtook the harvesters. Minnesota's crop is but little short of an average, and Dakota's fully up to the average, turning out 20 and 30 bushels to the acre, mostly grading No. 1.

A bogus medical college similar to that recently discovered in Philadelphia and designated the New England university of science, has been found in Boston, the leading operator of which appears to be Harry C. Stickney, who was one of the Buchanan faculty of Philadelphia. Stickney in 1875 procured in New Hampshire a charter for this institution, which, however, was soon afterward repealed, but the business has been active at the office of the university in Boston.

The statue of Robert Burns, presented to the city by Scotch residents, was unveiled on Central park, New York, recently, with addresses by George William Curtis, John Paton and Mayor Cooper, in the presence of a large and select assemblage.

The total receipts of the general land office at Washington for the year ending June 30, 1880, were $2,290,161.80. The largest item of revenue was that of cash received for preemptions, $1,355,883.90.

San Francisco has introduced into its course for women the culture of the silk worm, and proposes to manufacture silk.

A party of 13 attempted to cross Lake Megantic, near Montreal, recently in a boat; and, when near Victoria bay, the boat upset in consequence of being overloaded, and four of the persons were drowned.

Philadelphia reports the epizootic in a severe form among the horses.

New York's bridge over the East river has cost over $12,000,000 to date.

Thirty feet of masonry and an immense rock have fallen in the St. Gothard tunnel, whereby four men were killed and many injured.

A majority of the evening newspapers of Vienna have been confiscated by the government for publishing a manifesto of the constitutional party.

A portion of the gallery of St. Aloysius Catholic church at Manchester, Eng., on a recent Sunday, collapsed during mass, allowing a large number of people to fall to the main floor. Several persons were killed and many others injured. St. Aloysius is a Jesuit church.

The Jesuits exiled from France have bought an old prison in Wales for $100,000, which will be the second of their establishments in that country.

Col. Bachelder of Boston has arrived at Gettysburg, Pa., with a corps of engineers, to complete the survey of the battlefield.

Commissioner Le Due is manufacturing sugar from sorghum in his mill in the rear of the agricultural department at Washington at the rate of several thousand pounds a day.

Gladstone recently said that, within a year, the banner of the Christian state must be hoisted over St. Sophia.

Benjamin Pierce, professor of mathematics and astronomy at Harvard college, died recently at his home in Cambridge, of Bright's disease, aged 71 years.

White butterflies have appeared in Lackawanna, Pa., in such numbers as to give the appearance of a snow-storm. The farmers fear it is another pest.

John Loxer has been arrested in New York, for killing Henry Scholl the other day by striking him with a cart rung.

News has been received from the Solomon islands that the captain and crew of the Esperanza have been massacred, the mate and seamen of the wrecked vessel Oriat poisoned, and the second mate and government agent murdered on the island of Santa Cruz.

The New York historical society has directed its executive committee to make arrangements for the erection of a suitable memorial to Capt. Nathan Hale upon the spot where he was executed by the British, September 22, 1776.

Disastrous floods in Rohilcund, Bengal (India), have destroyed many lives and greatly injured the crops.

Three conductors and a baggage-master of the Kansas Pacific railroad have been arrested at Denver, Col., for selling bogus tickets.

The river Nile is rising satisfactorily and the weather in Egypt is favorable for cotton plants.

In October, when the woods are glorious in their scarlet and golden drapery, is the time to seek the Autumn leaves and ferns. A severe cold is often the result of such pleasure trips. Dr. Ball's Cough Syrup always cures Coughs and Colds. Price 25 cents.

Contesting a Will.

MARRIED AT TWELVE, A WIDOW AT SEVENTEEN.

There were present at the surrogate's court, in Kingston, N. Y., an unusually large number of persons. Many of them were drawn thither with the expectation of listening to the romantic life history of Mrs. Eliza M. Smith, whose last will and testament was to be offered for admission to probate. It was evident from the large array of legal talent present, that a hard fight was to be waged in the courts over the estate. The will presented for probate, and, purporting to be the last will and testament of Mrs. Smith, was made on Sept. 13, 1880. Besides the will above referred to, there are at least half a dozen more, made at different times during the past ten years, and witnessed by conspicuous residents of Kingston, including lawyers, physicians, clergymen, and capitalists.

Mrs. Smith seemed to have a mania for making wills. Few who knew her during her early days will recognize her by the name of Eliza M. Smith. Born in Spain in 1793, an heiress to the house of Gannecliff, she was with much pomp and ceremony christened Isabella. When she was a little more than four years old her mother and father died, and she was adopted by a noble Spanish family. When 13 years old she married a wealthy Spanish gentleman named Jose De Samanos. At 13 she became a mother, and a grand fete was given in honor of the child, which was named Inez. After a quarrel about her, a due, between her husband and a wealthy young Spaniard resulted in the killing of De Samanos. At 17 she was thus left a widow, with four children, three of whom subsequently died, and the other, the daughter Inez, to whom had been left the property of her father, was placed in a Catholic institution in Paris for instruction, in accordance with the request of the child's father. At a ball given by the American consul at Gibraltar in 1815 she met Capt. G. W. Walker, a brother of the late Commodore Walker, and in less than a month's time they were united in marriage. For nearly forty years they lived together, though severe domestic storms visited the home of Capt. Walker and his wife during that long interval. She courted fashionable society, and no gathering of importance was complete at either Saratoga, Newport, Boston, or Washington without the presnce of Mrs. Walker.

Capt. Walker died in 1854. Though then over three score years of age, Mrs. Walker was married to Abijah Smith, who was connected with many of the business industries of Kingston, to which place she went and spent the greater portion of her remaining years. Her last marriage, like the two preceding it, was an unhappy one. Her husband a short time after the marriage became a confirmed invalid. Family quarrels were of frequent occurrence, and at length it was mutually agreed that it would be far pleasanter for them to live apart. Mr. Smith died about a year ago, and on the 20th of last month the remains of his wife were quietly laid away in a country churchyard.

Spirit Manifestations.

Some extraordinary manifestations have taken place in daylight in a hotel kept by John Park at Hudson, a village on the Ottawa river, about forty miles from Montreal, were first noticed about two weeks since, when the beds in the unused rooms of the hotel were thrown about, and windows and doors which had been carefully shut were opened by some unseen agency. In one case a woman, while in the act of cutting bread for dinner, left some of it on a table, when it was dashed into a clothes basket in an adjoining room. On one Friday the stables were found on fire, but the flames were promptly extinguished. However, the fire broke out again, and was a second time got out. On the following day the climax arrived, as the stables were burned to the ground. After the fire the parish priest was sent for to exorcise the evil spirit. The reverend father performed a religious ceremony with that end in view, using holy water liberally all over the place. It had no effect, however, unless when the religious actions were proceeding, for, as soon as the priest left, the bottles were dancing around of their own accord, and recently another priest from Oka and some hundreds of persons visited the scene, but were unable to account for the influences at work in the house. Reports are current that the hotel will be burned, but watchmen are kept night and day on the alert to prevent such a consummation taking place.

Cheating the Government.

Mme. Thiers, a milliner, arrived in the steamship France on her trip from Havre. She was accompanied by a female employe named Digney. The former swore she had dutiable millinery goods to the value of 1200 francs, but not more.

Her companion swore she had only wearing apparel, while Mlle. Montiguier, another cabin passenger, made a similar affidavit. The custom house officers, however, were not satisfied with the affidavits, and sent the trunks to the seizure room. Then it was discovered that in addition to millinery goods there was any quantity of buckles, brushes, valuable French ribbons, black silk velvet, chenille cloth, spools of thread and wire combs, and many other articles of ladies' toilet sufficient to open a fair-sized store. Mlle. Montiguier was considerably incensed when the officers took the articles out piece by piece and showed great linguistic powers. She is supposed to be a silent companion of Mlle. Thiers, and admitted subsequently with Miss Digney, that the contents of their trunks belonged to that person. The goods seized are valued at 5000 francs and most of them are subject to a duty of 60 per cent. To release them some $2000 will have to paid. The bonnets that were finished were of the latest Paris fashion and very costly.—*N. Y. Mail.*

A Poor Reward.

William Ged, inventor of stereotyping, was a Scotchman. He was a jeweler in Edinburgh. So long as he adhered to his original vocation he was permitted to prosper. When he ventured to exercise his ingenuity by facilitating the printer's art, he was doomed. On his making known his discovery of block printing, the trade deemed their craft in danger and formed a combination for his destruction. Master printers, journeymen and apprentices united against him as a common enemy; they loaded him with invectives; they reproached him with ignorance and assumption. The arrows of calumny hit him on all sides. Who could long withstand such an array of hostilities? Poor Ged, who ought to have made a fortune out of his discovery died of a broken heart.

New York's Shanty Dwellings.

Frank H. Hooker, the son of Capt. Hooker of the 19th sub-precinct, left a friend's house in East 112th street at 3 o'clock on a recent afternoon and started to walk to his home at No. 140 West 124th street. While on Fifth avenue near 117th street, he was assailed by a number of boys who robbed him of the trifling articles that he had with him. As soon as the young highwaymen let him go, the lad ran home and told his father of the occurrence. Capt. Hooker and Roundsman Coom, having obtained from the boy a description of those who had robbed him, proceeded to 117th street and Fifth avenue, where they ascertained that Philip Straub, aged 10 years, was the guilty party. He went to his home, which is among the shanties along 116th street and Fifth avenue, and there Capt. Hooker took him in custody. Meanwhile, all the prisoner's relatives assembled, and full twenty-five men and women attacked the officers, compelling them to release their charge. The roundsman had his wrist sprained, and the captain sustained many bruises. The timely arrival of two officers of the mounted squad saved them from further injury. The prisoner was rearrested, as were also his father and mother, who were instrumental in the rescue.—*N. Y. Mail.*

A Valuable Sword.

Through the liberality of the Countess Theresa Erdody-Raczinsky, the Hungarian national museum has recently become possessed of an extremely curious and interesting relic, the favorite sword of the renowned Polish patriot and King John Sobieski. The blade of this magnificent weapon is made of the finest Damascus steel. On either side of it are embossed in letters of gold the characteristic devices: "Cave a falsis amicis, salvabo te ab inimicis" (Beware of false friends; I will save thee from thine enemies), and "Hoc meta laborum" (This is the purpose of the labor) and the Sobieski coat of arms. The hilt and basket are of pure gold, and admirably designed. A huge crystal, set in twenty-seven brilliants of the first water, constitutes the scabbard button, by which the sword is attached to the belt, and underneath it, forming the outer face of the sheath guard, is a medallion portrait, in enamel, of the king, in full national costume and mounted upon a fiery charger. A special case in the antiquity department of the museum has been devoted to Sobieski's saber, which is likely to prove one of the chief attractions of the splendid collection of historical weapons owned by the Hungarian nation.—*London Telegraph.*

Lemonade.

Most people know the benefit of lemonade before breakfast, but few know how it is more than doubled by taking at night also. The way to get the better of a bilious system without blue pill or quinine, is to take the juice of one, two or three lemons, as the appetite craves, in as much water as makes it pleasant to drink, without sugar, before going to bed. In the morning, on rising, or at least half an hour before breakfast, take the juice of one lemon in a goblet of water. This will cure the system of humors and bile with mild efficacy, without any of the weakening effects of calomel or Congress water. People should not irritate the stomach by eating lemons clear; the powerful acid of the juice, which is almost corrosive, infallibly produces inflamation after a while, but, properly diluted so that it does not draw or burn the throat, it does its full medical work without harm, and when the stomach is clear of food has abundant opportunity to work on the system thoroughly.

The Arctic Sea.

That there will yet be found an open Arctic sea, many of the ablest scientific men entertain no doubt. This opinion may be said to be based, mainly, on the fact, as ascertained, that every portion of the floating pack of ice north of Spitzbergen is made up of frozen sea water only; without a trace of terrestrial icebergs like those which float down Baffin's bay, or those which, carrying blocks of stone and debris, float northward from the land around the south pole. Again, the northern shores of Siberia are found to tell the same tale—for, in their vast expanse, the absence of icebergs or erratic blocks, or any thing which could be derived from great or lofty masses of land, has been well ascertained; and eminent geologists have shown that this absence of erratic blocks in northern Siberia has existed from that remote glacial period when much larger tracts of northern Europe were occupied by glaciers than at the present day. In a geological point of view, these considerations have great weight.

Punishing Boys.

Master Walter Dean is, thanks to Sir W. Harcourt's chivalrous energy, the best-known naughty boy in her majesty's dominions. He promises also to be, quite unintentionally, a benefactor to other naughty boys, for the summary jurisdiction act is about to be used in a way that will bring home to them a very serious conviction of its reality. We do not know whether the bracing air of Hampstead has a tendency to develop juvenile unruliness, but the Hampstead police appear to have been the first to receive the birch rods which are to be applied to juvenile offenders sentenced under the above act to receive a whipping. The rods, which of course bear an official seal, are rather more than three feet long, and the punishment will be administered by a police officer in the station attached to the court. A medical man will always be in attendance.—*One and All.*

Men's Fashions.

A fashionable man of to-day dresses very plainly. He wears a morning suit of the roughest possible material. He puts on a frock coat at 4 p. m., and changes it at 7 for evening dress. He wears no jewelry, except a heavy gold ring on the small finger of the left hand, with one or three stones set flat. The most fashionable stones are cat's eyes and sapphires. Diamonds and rubies are discarded. Nothing is used in the shirt bosom, but a single pearl, black or pink pearls being preferred to white ones. The scarf-pin for the morning must be a light, fancy one. In the afternoon a big pearl, a clover, or some ancient engraved stone is required. Extravagance is admitted only in sleeve buttons, which may be of great value, but they must look plain.

The Covadonga, it appears, must now be added to the list of Chilian vessels sunk by Peruvian torpedoes. Torpedo warefare steadily grows in importance, and in placing so much reliance on it Peru shows herself, in this respect at least, abreast of the times.

Mad With Rum

A MAN KILLS ANOTHER WITH A BILLIARD CUE.

Thomas H. Jones, aged 21, while playing a game of pool in Henry Dombrowski's liquor saloon, in Brooklyn, recently, was struck over the head with a billiard cue and killed by John J. Dwyer, a drunken plasterer, with whom he had not exchanged a word. Dwyer, who was a stranger to Jones, had been on a frolic, and a few minutes before entering the saloon he tried to quarrel with some men in the street. He staggered into the saloon just as Jones and George Seccomb, aged 21, of 500 State street, ordered something to drink at the bar. These two men had finished playing a game of pool, and had ordered some soda water as Dwyer came alongside of them.

"I'll take whisky," Dwyer said with a hiccough, but no one paid attention to him.

He repeated the words, and the barkeeper told him that he had no whisky for him.

Messrs. Jones and Seccomb, having finished drinking their soda water, went back to the billiard room to resume their game. Dwyer followed them, and, going up to Jones, said, "I'm a sucker, am I?" Jones, it is said, made no reply, and turning away, endeavored to avoid Dwyer, who seemed too drunk to be wholly responsible. Dwyer, evidently angered at failing to get an expected drink of whisky, staggered over to the cue rack, and, seizing a cue weighing eighteen ounces, with a big butt, he returned with the small end in his hand. Although so intoxicated that he staggered, Dwyer concealed his purpose so cleverly that Jones had no chance to escape. Raising the cue, Dwyer swung it with terrific force against the back of Jones's head. Jones fell to the floor insensible, and he died within ten minutes. The billiard cue was split by the blow.

Jones was murdered so quickly that the other men who were in the saloon had no opportunity to interfere. Seccomb ran toward him as he fell, but Dwyer raised the cue and endeavored to strike Seccomb also. Seccomb than ran out of the saloon in search of a policeman, while Dwyer stood near his victim, holding the splintered cue in his hand and staring about in a stupid way, as though wholly unconscious of his terrible deed.

The news of the murder spread rapidly in the neighborhood, causing intense excitement. When the crowd began to surge into the saloon Dwyer seemed to realize that he was the object of pursuit, and as soon as a policeman touched him he offered desperate resistance. He kicked Sergt. John Eason and struck out right and left with great force. He proved to be unusually strong, but Policeman McCormack and Riley at length overpowered him without using their clubs upon him.

The Elevated Railways.

The future which is being worked out for our elevated railway system, and which will doubtless ere long be realized, strikes one at the first glance as too marvellous to be practicable, and yet, when the now vexed question of consolidation is satisfactorily adjusted, some plans, already well matured, will be put into immediate execution. The first of these will be a light freight, or package delivery service, for the carrying on of which a company has already been organized. Light freights, parcels, packages, etc., of all descriptions collected at the stations from stores, shops, warehouses, etc., in the evening, will be transported during the night, and delivered early the following morning. In the early morning hours before regular passenger traffic begins, it is proposed to operate a meat delivery service, by which freshly-slaughtered meat will be delivered to stores, hotels, restaurants, etc., in all quarters of the city at a great saving of time, money and inconvenience.

It is also proposed with the completion of the bridge across the Harlem, at Eighth avenue, to erect in that neighborhood a great union depot, which shall meet the requirements not only of the "L" roads, but of their proposed surface connections. Still another contemplated improvement is the running of a number of fast or express trains which will only stop at the more important stations, thus shortening the time between the northern and southern ends of the city by almost one-half. How this is to be accomplished we are unable to see, yet, for all that, we will not be too hasty in pronouncing it impossible in this age of science and progress. Surely, in view of these contemplated improvements we are fully justified in our premise that our elevated system is still in its infancy.—*N. Y. Railway News.*

Go Bang.

It is about time something was done toward rescuing our young girls from the frightful demon of "bangs" and "frizzes." When a maiden acquires a taste for this soul-destroying fashion her head first appears with a couple of modest little curlicues fondly clinging to her temple; but pretty soon her downward career becomes more marked; the blood is poisoned, the whole system permeated with a vitiated taste for bangs and frizzes, and she boldly promenades the street with her forehead garnished with the corrupting bangs from one ear to the other, and reaching down to her eyebrows! And if this terrible passion is not checked in its first stages, before it seizes hold of the girl with such a vicelike grip that she cannot shake it off, the victim is carried to a "banged" and "frizzed" grave with all her imperfections upon her forehead, and her parents are plunged in a sorrow that will not be comforted. Girls! look not upon the bang when it curleth over the brow like a viper! Shun the first friz as you would a hoppergrass at a picnic! for at last it stingeth like a steel-blue wasp and keepeth the sensible young man aloof. Mother! where is your daughter to-night? Is she in her chamber preparing the baneful quince-seed juice with which to fresco her fair forehead with the demoralizing bangs in the morning?—*Puck.*

An Expensive Infant's Outfit.

Marquis Robert de San Marzano, who married an American, Miss Helen Gillender, has ordered in Philadelphia some things for their baby. A willow cradle has a canopy decorated with draperies, medallions, point of Valenciennes lace, and blue satin ribbon. There are sheets with tucked borders and bands of French embroidery, and others of lawn, with lace enough on them to make the cost $500 for four. An eider-down quilt and some exquisitely fine blankets are included in the outfit. There are three dozen dresses in the wardrobe, many of them of lawn, mull, and fine laces. "Young mothers," says a correspondent, "can easily imagine the dainty beauty of the tiny silken socks, the exquisitely embroidered lawn skirts garnitured with the finest of fine laces, the richness of the flannel skirts with silken embroidery, and the handsome tucked, trimmed, and lace finished petticoats, but it is difficult to conceive of anything so lovely as the robes of real lace, arranged in diamonds, medallions, squares, and all manner of conceits, with applique of embroidery in roses and other flowers, each figure in the Valenciennes lace being punched or upraised until it looks like round point."

Luxurious Exile.

Not every criminal who incurs the penalty of banishment to Siberia is on that account to be compassionated. Mr. Juchanzeff, known throughout Russia by the significant sobriquet of "The Stealer of Millions," travelled to Krasnojarsk, the town selected for his penal residence by the imporial authorities, in princely style, attended by a suite of servants, carriages, and horses, and it would appear that he has become the leader of fashion in that Siberian city. Tailors, perfumers, and tobacconists advertise their wares under his name; he has been elected a member of the leading club, and is about to contract an alliance with a young lady belonging to one of the first families of Krasnojarsk. His dinner parties are attended by the chief official personages and local notabilities; ladies of the best society flock to his evening receptions, and accept the splendid presents with which he courts their favor and social countenance.

Fasting Horses.

A Tanner experiment was made with a number of horses in Paris in 1876. The following results were obtained: 1. It was proved beyond all doubt that a horse can hold out for twenty-five days without any solid nourishment, provided it is supplied with sufficient and good drinking water. 2. A horse can barely hold out for five days without water. 3. If a horse is well fed for ten days, but insufficiently provided with water during the same period, it will not outlive the eleventh day. One horse, from which water had been entirely withheld for three days, drank on the fourth day sixty litres of water within three minutes. A horse which received no solid nourishment for twelve days was, nevertheless, in a condition on the twelfth day to draw a load of 279 kilos.

Some curious costumes are in vogue among the haut noblesse. An invitation recently issued by the chatelaine of one of the chateaux of Brittany requested her guest to bring a gray tweed suit of masculine garments for morning and promenade, inclosing a sketch of one thought suitable, only slender ladies being asked to wear it, and it being thought more becoming for excursions than draggled skirts. Another remarkable dress was the conventual one of a lady walking on the sands of Trouville, in brown serge, made with a cowl, and trimmed only with thick knotted cords; there was also a similar dress in white serge to be seen.

[Detroit Free Press.]

Mrs. C. Whipple, 371 Croghan street, presents these facts: For six years I had suffered beyond all expression with Sciatic Rheumatism and tried every known remedy, but all to no purpose. At last I saw in the *Free Press* an advertisment of the St. Jacobs Oil, tried it and am well. I can walk without limping and sleep free from any pain.

Mr. Burnham, the astronomer, pronounces Mount Hamilton, in Santa Clara county, Cal. the best of all the sites now used telescopically. He found there forty-two clear nights out of sixty—something impossible even to Italian heavens.

[Wayne Co. (Ohio) Democrat.]

Mr. William E. Snyder of West Lebanon, Ohio, says: For some time past I had been severely afflicted with Rheumatism. Seeing an advertisement of St. Jacob's Oil, I procured a bottle, and I could feel the effect of the oil upon the first application. I am now entirely well after using one bottle.

The craze of western speculators to get possession of the Indian Territory is being kept alive by public meetings throughout Kansas and Missouri and, in spite of Capt. Payne's recent arrest on the forbidden soil, a company has been organized at Kansas City, which talks of pouring 200,000 men into the territory another season.

THE GREATEST BLESSING.

"A simple, pure, harmless remedy, that cures every time, and prevents disease by keeping the blood pure, stomach regular, kidneys and liver active, is the greatest remedy ever conferred upon man. Hop Bitters is that remedy, and its proprietors are being blessed by thousands who have been saved and cured by it. Will you try it. See other column.

He was watching his neighbor's boy climb a tree, and he had a look of painful anxiety on his countenance. "Are you afraid the lad will fall and break his neck?" was asked him. "No," he replied, "I'm deucedly afraid he won't."

A Happy Restoration.

I can truly say that I owe my present existence and happy restoration to the hopes and joys of life, to the use of Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure, and I say to every one suffering from any manner of kidney, liver or urinary trouble, "Use this remedy and recover." W. E. SANFORD.

Holley, N. Y., Feb. 25, 1880.

Some Indians use scalping-knives of tortoise-shell, probably on account of the old fable in which the tortoise was alleged to have got away with the hare.

"He laughs well who laughs last." A new idea embraced in Ely's Cream Balm. Catarrh is cured by causing discharge, not by drying up. The application is agreeable; no one is annoyed by its use. Price 50 cents.

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